

# QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

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**NBSTSA**

# NBSTSA-CST

*Certified Surgical Technologist*

**Question:** 260

The surgical removal of stomach is a/an

- A. Cholecystectomy
- B. Appendectomy
- C. Gastrectomy
- D. Hemorrhoidectomy

**Answer:** C

**Question:** 261

The English philosopher John Locke argued that life, liberty, and property are

- A. Natural rights that should be protected by government.
- B. Political rights to be granted as determined by law.
- C. Economic rights earned in a capitalistic system.
- D. Social rights guaranteed by the ruling class.

**Answer:** A

**Question:** 262

When a country's constitution requires the branches of government to remain independent of each other, it is adhering to the constitutional principle of

- A. Popular sovereignty.
- B. Separation of powers.
- C. Federalism.
- D. Direct democracy.

**Answer: B**

**Question:** 263

". . . all men are by nature equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights, of which when they enter into a state of society, they cannot, by any compact, deprive or divest their posterity; namely, the enjoyment of life and liberty, with the means of acquiring and possessing property, and pursuing and obtaining happiness and safety."—Virginia Declaration of Rights, 1776 Which philosopher's ideas were the basis for this quotation from the Virginia Declaration of Rights?

- A. Voltaire.
- B. Charles-Louis Montesquieu
- C. Jean-Jacques Rousseau
- D. John Locke.

**Answer: D**

**Question:** 264

From the Constitution of Japan: "We, the Japanese people, acting through our duly elected representatives in the National Diet, determined that we shall secure for ourselves and our posterity the fruits of peaceful cooperation with all nations and the blessings of liberty throughout this land...." Which of these is a source for the ideas outlined in the Japanese Constitution?

- A. Charter of the United Nations
- B. Legal writings of Thomas Hobbes
- C. Writing on constitutions by Voltaire
- D. United States Constitution

**Answer: D**

**Question:** 265

Which of the following is a concept from classical Athens that is central to Western political thought today?

- A. Individuals should fight against nature and society to achieve greatness.
- B. Individual achievement, dignity, and worth are of great importance.
- C. Individual recognition impedes societal progress.
- D. Individuals play an insignificant role in shaping ideas, society, and the state.

**Answer:** B

**Question:** 266

Who believed that in an ideal society the government should be controlled by a class of "philosopher kings"?

- A. Muhammad
- B. Plato
- C. Lao-tzu
- D. Thomas Aquinas

**Answer:** B

**Question:** 267

Both the United States Declaration of Independence and the French Declaration of the Rights of Man emphasized the idea that governments must

- A. Guarantee economic prosperity.
- B. Protect the rights of people.
- C. Support established religious beliefs.
- D. Operate on a system of checks and balances.

**Answer: B**

**Question: 268**

"He who trusts any man with supreme power gives it to a wild beast, for such his appetite sometimes makes him: passion influences those in power, even the best of men, but law is reason without desire. . . ."—Aristotle Which feature of modern Western democratic government reflects Aristotle's views as given above?

- A. The direct election of members of the legislature
- B. The power of the courts to review the law
- C. The granting of emergency powers to the chief executive
- D. The requirement that government actions must adhere to the law

**Answer: D**

**Question: 269**

". . . for the administration of justice . . . is the principle of order in political society."—Aristotle, *Politics* From Aristotle's statement above, it can be inferred that

- A. Monarchs protect citizens from tyranny.
- B. Only elected officials should impose laws.
- C. Laws maintain the stability of the nation.
- D. Majority rule ensures a stable government.

**Answer: C**

**Question: 270**

Jewish and Christian beliefs differ from the Greco-Roman tradition in matters concerning the importance of

- A. The role of law.
- B. Individual morality.
- C. Belief in one God.
- D. The family unit.

**Answer: C**

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